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Show Me Agriculture!

Drone Technology Takes Flight – In Agriculture!

Presented by the "North Dakota Team"
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Development for Science

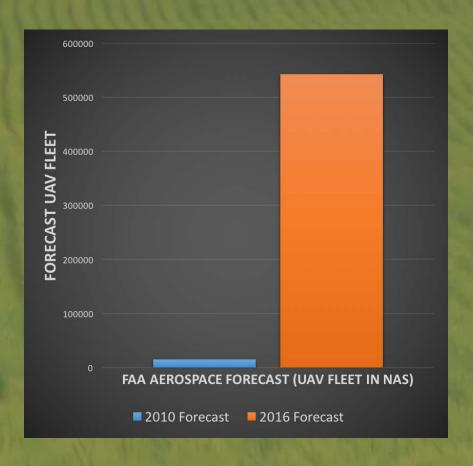
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WHAT IS A DRONE OR AN UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE?



- Essentially, a **drone** is a flying robot. Drone is the broad term used to apply to any UAV. Drones may be remotely controlled or can fly autonomously through software-controlled flight plans in their embedded systems, working in conjunction with onboard sensors and GPS.
- "Quadcopter" is a more specific term used to refer to a drone that is controlled by four rotors. These UAVs are always controlled remotely instead of being controlled by a pre-programmed, onboard computer.

Explosive Consumer Growth!



- FAA Aerospace
 Forecast for number of UAV's in consumer hands by 2020 2010 predictions compared to 2016 predictions
- 15,000 estimated number raised to 542,500!?!





- USDA's National Institute of Food and Agriculture estimates there will be some 58,000 high-skilled annual job openings in the food, agriculture, renewable natural resources, and environment fields.
- However, there are an average of 35,400 new U.S. graduates with a bachelor's degree or higher in agriculture related fields
- Let's INSPIRE students by educating them about opportunities in ag related fields and technology....

Drone Overview

- Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV).
- Four main parts of the drone system: platform (aircraft), sensor (camera), target (what is observed), and ground control station (where the person operates the drone).
- Drones are useful for dull, dirty, dangerous jobs.

Flight Dynamics

- Flight Dynamics: The study of performance, stability and control of vehicles flying through the air.
 - Roll: Rotation around the front-to-back axis
 - > Pitch: Rotation around the side-to-side axis
 - Yaw: Rotation around the vertical axis
 - A Propcopter doesn't have wings (blades) or a tail, so it operates mostly on yaw.
- Awesome website: <u>AMA Flight School</u>

Four Forces of Flight

Force of Flight:

- 1. Lift: The force opposite of gravity. Upward force created by airflow under the wing.
 - Lift is different for propcopter vs. planes. Why?
- 2. Gravity: The force opposite of lift. Causes an object to be pulled downward.
- 3. Thrust: The force that moves an object through the air.
- 4. Drag: The force that limits the speed of an object.

Things that Fly

Objectives:

- Learn about the drone platform.
- Design flying devices to explore forces of flight and flight dynamics.

Materials:

- Propcopters
- Foam plates
- Scissors
- Clear tape
- Pattern
- Pen
- Penny

Drone Discovery- National Youth Science Day 2016

How to find the experiment online:

http://4-h.org/parents/national-youth-science-day/4-h-nysd-2016-drone-discovery/

- On the website:
 - Youth and facilitator guide
 - How-to-videos
 - Information on Scratch



Take Off- Agriculture Challenge

Community Setting

- Corn field
- Residential suburb
- Farm

Issue Challenge

- Corn plants are being crowded out by weeds
- A bison escaped from the zoo
- A cow and calf are missing

Drone Action

- Survey a field
- Take a video

Group Action

- Observes invasive plants
- Locate the bison
- Locate the cow and calf

Our Challenge...

- ❖ Your <u>farm</u> is facing a challenge: <u>A missing cow and calf</u> You and your engineering team decide to find out more. <u>Ginger</u> says, "I think drones can help with this!"
- They suggest using a drone to <u>take a video</u>.
- Your team <u>locates the missing cow and calf.</u>
- Success! Your engineering team decides to celebrate by posting the picture the drone took of the cow and calf on Facebook.

Discuss:

What do you think about your scenario? Does it seem possible? How do you think the drone will help? What does success look like in this scenario?

Foam Drone

Objectives:

- Learn how to use the keychain camera.
- Understand remote sensing.
- Design a remote sensing system model to solve the problem.

Materials

- Foam Glider
- Keychain camera
- SD card
- USB cable
- Computer
- Velcro
- Tape
- Target

Foam Drone- Team Roles

**We won't do this part, but this may be an important part to incorporate with youth.

Project Manager: Coordinates work for the team, keeps everyone on task.

Lead Engineer: Leads the building process. Takes the lead in assembling the aircraft.

Flight Engineer: Repairs the plane.

Sensor Engineer: Works with the flight engineer to place the camera, and play the video.

Product Owner: The voice of the customer the engineering team is working with.

Design Engineer: Responsible for graphic design. Decorates the aircraft.

Documentarian: Keeps records of the design process.

Marketing Specialist: Takes pictures and posts about progress in order to communicate about STEM to the public.

Data Manager: Transfers video data from the camera to the computer for viewing.

Code Copters

Objectives:

- Sign up for Scratch account
- Find NYSD 2016 Scratch program:
 https://scratch.mit.edu/projects/1161
 15355/
- Explore remote sensing principles through basic coding.
- Practice writing and using specific code.
- Use a coordinate system to program a drone flight pattern.

Materials:

- Code Copters IRL: Masking tape, command cards
- Code Copters: Computer with internet access

Code Copters- Team Roles

Flight Plan Engineer

Thinks about the best strategy to move the drone.

Programmer

Take the pathway from the flight engineer and creates the code to make the drone move.

Prototype Engineer

Reads the code to the drone. Reports back about if the code needs any changes.